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Benjamin Potts \_\_\_\_\_ 04/08/10  
Date

*Ex Tenebris Lux*: Senior Honors Recital in Composition

by

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An abstract of

A thesis submitted to the Faculty of Emory College of Arts and Sciences  
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2010

## Abstract

### *Ex Tenebris Lux*: Senior Honors Recital in Composition By Benjamin Potts

The title of this thesis identifies the feature component of Benjamin Potts' honors recital in composition, which took place on April 3, 2010. The audio file of the entire recital is entitled Potts\_04-03-10.mp3 and can be accessed at Emory University's Woodruff Library. *Ex Tenebris Lux* is a thirty-minute, five-movement musical work for string quartet, vocal octet, piano, and electronics. It aims to capture the universal human experience of pain, suffering, and the desire for a better world. Through the employment of both modern and traditional compositional techniques, the composer illuminates the perpetual cyclical process of creation, corruption, and renewal that characterizes the development and evolution of life in our universe. The first movement depicts the formation of the Earth out of chaos. Musical ideas slowly revolve and merge closer and closer together, until they finally achieve one body in unison. The second movement chronicles a "descent into darkness," from primeval energy and optimism into a distorted, heavy, and oppressive reality. The third movement features the human voice, crying out against this darkness, unable to escape it. Amidst the sorrow, there is a faint plea for mercy in the form of a Latin prayer. Movement four is a transitional section that portrays the ascent from a place of sorrow and darkness into joy and light. The piano begins by playing a single note each second, signifying the passage of time in the depths before a gradual breaking away. The final climax of the fourth movement leads directly into the fifth movement, which embodies a common hope for glory, paradise, heaven, or simply a more perfect world. The Latin prayer from the third movement is fully developed into a contrapuntal passage, which then gives way to an ostinato that gains energy and momentum until the work's climax. The final echoes of the "Lux Aeterna" instill a sense of renewal, rest, and repose. After the long journey and struggle, joy is found—*Ex Tenebris lux*: from darkness, light.

*Ex Tenebris Lux*: Senior Honors Recital in Composition

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# Ex Tenebris Lux

A five-movement work for string quartet,  
vocal octet, piano and electronics.

**By: Benjamin Potts**

April 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2010

# **Ex Tenebris Lux**

## **Movement I – Prima Luce**

String quartet, vocal octet, piano, electronics. Electronics should be a low, non-pitched rumble. All instruments and singers should be amplified. Heavy reverb can be used on the singers' microphones until mm. 63. Light reverb is appropriate for the rest of the movement.

## **Movement II – Descensus**

String quartet, amplified.

## **Movement III – Despero**

Cello, two soprano soloists, TTBB. The vocalists should be amplified with moderate reverb. The cello needs only minimal amplification with very little reverb.

## **Movement IV – Ascension**

Amplified piano, electronics. The electronics are in the form of a track that should be started when the pianist begins the movement. The track is approximately three minutes long and finishes as the pianist completes the opening section of the movement.

## **Movement V – Lux Aeterna**

String quartet, vocal octet, piano, electronics. All instruments and singers should be amplified. Light reverb should be used on the singers, and little to none on the strings.

\*General Notes: The amplification is not intended to draw attention, but merely enhance the balance and overall sound quality. The electronic tracks do not require synchronization with performers; they must simply be started at the right time in order to end within an acceptable margin.

**Total run time: approximately 30:00.**

# I. Prima Luce

Benjamin Potts

Adagio e sostenuto  
 $\text{♩} = 62$

SOPRANO

ALTO

TENOR

BASS

PIANO

Violin I

Violin II

Viola

Violoncello

Electronics

$\text{♩} = 62$

Vln.

Electronics

8

$\text{♩} = 62$

14

S.

A.

Vln.

Vla.

Electronics

*p*

*f*

*n*

*n* *mf* *p*

21

S.

A.

Vln.

Electronics

— 00 — 00 —

— 00 — 00 —

*p*

*>*

27

S. *p*

A. *p* *oo*

T. *p* *oo*

Vln. *f p*

Vla. *n*

Electronics *n*

Measure 27: Soprano, Alto, and Tenor sing sustained notes. Violin and Cello play eighth-note patterns. Electronics play sustained notes.

Measure 28: Soprano, Alto, and Tenor continue sustained notes. Violin and Cello play eighth-note patterns. Electronics continue sustained notes.

34

S. *oo* *ohh..*

A. *oo* *ohh..*

T. *oo* *ohh..*

Vln. *f p* *f p* *ff*

Vc. *h*

Electronics *oo*

Measure 34: Soprano, Alto, and Tenor sing sustained notes with 'ohh' vocalizations. Violin and Cello play eighth-note patterns. Electronics play sustained notes.

Measure 35: Soprano, Alto, and Tenor sing sustained notes with 'ohh' vocalizations. Violin and Cello play eighth-note patterns. Electronics play sustained notes.

41

S. *p*

A. *p*

T. *p*  
ohh

B. *p*  
ohh

Vln.

Vc.

Electronics

48

S. (Soprano) vocal line with 'ohh' sustained notes.

A. (Alto) vocal line with 'ohh' sustained notes.

T. (Tenor) vocal line with 'ohh' sustained notes, dynamic markings:  $\text{mf}$ ,  $f$ ,  $\text{mf}$ .

B. (Bass) vocal line with 'ohh' sustained notes.

Vln. (Violin) vocal line with sustained notes.

Vc. (Cello) vocal line with sustained notes, dynamic markings:  $\ll \text{mf}$ ,  $f$ ,  $\text{mf}$ .

Electronics (Bassoon) sustained notes.

55

S. ahh *p* *pp* *poco accelerando*

A. ahh *p* *pp* *poco accelerando*

T. ahh *p* *pp* *poco accelerando*

B. ahh *p* *pp* *poco accelerando*

Vln. *poco accelerando*

Vln. *pp* *poco accelerando*

Vla. *pp* *poco accelerando*

Vc. *pp* *poco accelerando*

Electronics *mf* *mp* *p* *pp*

64

S. *piu mosso*  $\text{♩} = 70$

Vln. *agitato*

Vln. *agitato*

Vla. *agitato* *mf* *agitato*

Vc. *p* *mf*

70

T. *p* *p* *mp* ohn

B. ohh

Pno.

Vln. *pizz.* *mf*

Vln.

Vla.

Vc.

This musical score page contains seven staves. From top to bottom: 1) Treble clef staff (T.) with a 'g' dynamic, followed by three empty measures, then a dynamic 'mp' and a sustained note labeled 'ohn'. 2) Bass clef staff (B.) with a 'p' dynamic, followed by three measures with sustained notes labeled 'ohh'. 3) Grand staff (Pno.) with two empty measures. 4) Treble clef staff (Vln.) with one measure, followed by a dynamic 'pizz.' and a 'mf' dynamic. 5) Treble clef staff (Vln.) with one measure. 6) Bass clef staff (Vla.) with six measures featuring eighth-note patterns. 7) Bass clef staff (Vc.) with six measures featuring eighth-note patterns.

74

S.

A.

T.

B.

Pno.

Vln.

Vln.

Vla.

Vc.

Electronics

*mf*      *mf* — *f*  
*mp* — *mf*      — *f*  
*mf*      — *f*

*mf*  
*(unmeasured rumble)*

8

*mf*

*mf*

*mf*

*mf*

*mf*

*mf*

78 *f*

S.

A.

T.

B.

Pno.

Vln.

Vln.

Vla.

Vc.

Electronics

The musical score page 78 features ten staves. The top four staves (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) have single-line ovals on their staves. The piano staff consists of two staves: treble with sixteenth-note patterns and bass with sustained notes. The violin and viola staves show rhythmic patterns with dynamic markings like '3' and '8'. The cello staff has eighth-note patterns. The Electronics staff at the bottom shows sustained notes with a wavy line underneath.

81

S.                          *ff*  
                            ahh

A.                          *ff*  
                            ahh

T.                          *ff*  
                            ahh

B.                          *ff*  
                            ahh

Pno.                         *ff*

Vln.                        arco  
                            *ff*

Vln.                        *legato*  
                            *ff*

Vla.                        *ff*

Vc.                        *ff*

This musical score page contains six staves of music. The top four staves are vocal parts: Soprano (S.), Alto (A.), Tenor (T.), and Bass (B.). Each vocal part has a sustained note on the first beat followed by three sustained notes on the second beat, with the instruction 'ahh' below them. The dynamic is marked as *ff*. The fifth staff is for the Piano (Pno.), which plays eighth-note chords. The bottom two staves are for strings: Violin (Vln.) and Viola/Cello (Vla./Vc.). The Vln. staff shows eighth-note chords with dynamic *ff*, and the Vla./Vc. staff shows eighth-note chords with dynamic *ff* and a *legato* instruction.

85      *mf*

S.

A.

T.

B.

Pno.

Vln.

Vln.

Vla.

Vc.

This musical score page contains six staves of music. The top four staves (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) are vocal parts, each with a single note on the first staff and three sustained notes on the second staff, with the instruction "ahh" below the bass staff. The piano staff (Pno.) has a dynamic marking "f" and two sustained notes on the second staff. The bottom two staves (Violin and Cello) have sustained notes on the first staff and eighth-note patterns on the second staff, with a dynamic marking "f" above the violin staff. The viola staff (Vla.) has a sustained note on the first staff and eighth-note patterns on the second staff, with a dynamic marking "f" above the staff. The bassoon staff (Vc.) has a sustained note on the first staff and eighth-note patterns on the second staff, with a dynamic marking "f" above the staff.

89 *mp*

T.

B.

Pno.

Vln.

Vln.

Vla.

Vc.

This musical score page contains six staves of music. The first three staves (T., B., Pno.) are mostly silent, with the piano providing harmonic support through sustained notes and chords. The fourth staff (Vln.) begins with a short rest followed by eighth-note patterns marked *legato*. The fifth staff (Vln.) also features eighth-note patterns. The sixth staff (Vla.) and seventh staff (Vc.) both play eighth-note patterns marked *mf*. The piano staff includes dynamic markings *mp*, *mf*, and *mf* above the bass clef. Measures are divided by vertical bar lines.

Poco meno mosso  
♩ = 60

93

S.

Pno.

Vln.

Vln.

Vla.

Vc.

This section of the score begins with a single measure for the Soprano (S.) part. The piano (Pno.) enters with a melodic line in the upper register, marked *p*. The violins (Vln., Vln.) play eighth-note patterns in unison, also marked *p*. The cello (Vc.) and double bass (Vla.) provide harmonic support with sustained notes. Measures 94-95 show the piano continuing its melodic line with dynamic changes from *p* to *mf*, while the strings play eighth-note patterns. Measures 96-97 continue this pattern with the piano's melodic line and harmonic support from the strings. Measures 98-101 show the piano's melodic line becoming more complex with eighth-note patterns, while the strings provide harmonic support. Measures 102-104 show the piano's melodic line continuing with eighth-note patterns, while the strings provide harmonic support.

Pno.

98

This section of the score begins with a single measure for the piano (Pno.) part. The piano plays eighth-note patterns in the upper register, marked *p*. Measures 99-100 show the piano continuing its melodic line with dynamic changes from *p* to *mf*, while the strings provide harmonic support. Measures 101-104 show the piano's melodic line becoming more complex with eighth-note patterns, while the strings provide harmonic support.

Pno.

104

This section of the score begins with a single measure for the piano (Pno.) part. The piano plays eighth-note patterns in the upper register, marked *mf*. Measures 105-106 show the piano continuing its melodic line with eighth-note patterns, while the strings provide harmonic support. Measures 107-108 show the piano's melodic line becoming more complex with eighth-note patterns, while the strings provide harmonic support.

*Solo*  
*ahh \_\_\_\_\_*  
*p \_\_\_\_\_*  
*for - ma*  
*p \_\_\_\_\_*  
*for - ma*  
*p \_\_\_\_\_*  
*for - ma*  
*mp \_\_\_\_\_*  
*ter -*  
*for - ma*  
*for - ma*  
*ter -*  
*pno.*  
*= p*  
*mf*  
*f*  
*mf*  
*f*  
*8va*

The musical score consists of five staves. The top four staves represent vocal parts: Soprano (S.), Alto (A.), Tenor (T.), and Bass (B.). The bottom staff represents the Piano (Pno.). The vocal parts sing the words "ahh \_\_\_\_\_", "for - ma", and "ter -". The piano part includes dynamic markings such as *mp*, *p*, *f*, and *mf*. A bracket labeled *8va* is placed above the piano staff, indicating an octave increase.

115

S.

A.

T.

B.

Pno.

ahh \_\_\_\_\_ ahh \_\_\_\_\_

ra ter - ra a - ni - ma

ra ter - ra a - ni - ma

ra ter - ra a - ni - ma

*f*

*mf*

*mp*

*8va*

*8va*

120

S. ahh \_\_\_\_\_ ahh \_\_\_\_\_ ahh \_\_\_\_\_

A. *p* ah - ni - ma      8      pul chra      8      pul -

T. *p* ah - ni - ma      pul chra      pul -

B. *p* ah - ni - ma      pul - chra      pul -

Pno. (8) *mf*      *p*      *mf*      *mf*      *8va*

125

S.

A.

T.

B.

Pno.

chra Lux ae - ter - na

chra Lux ae - ter - na

chra Lux ae - ter - na

p *p* *mf* *mp*

**8**

*p*

Detailed description: This musical score page contains five staves. The first four staves represent vocal parts: Soprano (S.), Alto (A.), Tenor (T.), and Bass (B.). The vocal parts sing the lyrics "chra Lux ae - ter - na". The piano part (Pno.) is shown below, with its dynamic marking "p" and a bass clef. Measure 125 begins with a forte dynamic. The vocal entries start with a piano dynamic, followed by a melodic line consisting of eighth and sixteenth notes. The vocal parts enter sequentially, each starting with a piano dynamic and then singing their respective parts. The piano part continues with sustained notes and rests. Measure 125 concludes with a piano dynamic and a bass clef symbol.

130 Lux - ae - ter - na do - mi ne.  $\text{♩} = 72$

S. Lux ae - ter - na do - mi - ne ahh

A. Lux ae - ter - na do - mi - ne ahh

T. Lux ae - ter - na ff do - mi - ne ahh

B. Lux ae - ter - na do - mi - ne ahh

Pno. pp

Vln.  $8^{\text{va}}$  p

Vln. pp

Vla. pp

Vc. pp

rit.

136

S.

A.

T.

B.

Pno.

Vln.

Vln.

Vla.

Vc.

ahh \_\_\_\_\_

ahh \_\_\_\_\_

(8)---

1

140

S.

A.

T.  
8

B.

Pho.

n

n

n

Vc.

## II. Descensus

brillante y spiritoso  
♩ = 164

Benjamin Potts

Musical score for Violin I, Violin II, Viola, and Violoncello. The score consists of four staves. The first three staves (Violin I, Violin II, Viola) are in common time (♩ = 164), while the Violoncello staff is in 4/4 time. The key signature changes between common time and 6/8 time. Dynamics include *f*, *mp*, and *f*. Measure 1 starts with *f* for all parts. Measure 2 shows *mp* for Violin I, Violin II, and Viola, followed by *f* for Violoncello. Measures 3-4 show *f* for Violin I, Violin II, and Viola, followed by *mp* for Violoncello. Measures 5-6 show *f* for Violin I, Violin II, and Viola, followed by *mp* for Violoncello.

Musical score for Vln. I, Vln. II, Vla., and Vc. The score consists of four staves. Measures 1-4 are silent. Measures 5-6 show *mp* dynamics for all parts. Measures 7-8 show *mp* for Vln. I, Vln. II, and Vla., followed by *mf* for Vc. Measures 9-10 show *f* for Vln. I, Vln. II, and Vla., followed by *mf* for Vc.

Musical score for Vln. I, Vln. II, Vla., and Vc. The score consists of four staves. Measures 1-4 show *mp* dynamics for all parts. Measures 5-6 show *mf* for Vln. I, Vln. II, and Vla., followed by *ff* for Vc. Measures 7-8 show *mf* for Vln. I, Vln. II, and Vla., followed by *ff* for Vc. Measures 9-10 show *mf* for Vln. I, Vln. II, and Vla., followed by *ff* for Vc.

14

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

ff    p — f

ff    p — f

ff    p — f

ff    p — f

mp

18

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

<f — ff

mp

p

p

*non vibrato*

p

22

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

p

26

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

30

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

36

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

40

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

44

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

48

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

52

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

57

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

62

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

67

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

71

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

76

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

81

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*mf*

*mf*

*mf*

*mf*

86

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*ff*

*f*

*f*

*ff*

91

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

95

Vln. I  
Vln. II  
Vla.  
Vc.

99

Vln. I  
Vln. II  
Vla.  
Vc.

**molto espressivo**

104  $\text{♩} = 98$

Vln. I  
Vln. II  
Vla.  
Vc.

110

Vln. I  
Vln. II  
Vla.  
Vc.

*f*      *p*      *pp*  
*p*      *p*      *p*

*p*

116

Vln. I  
Vln. II  
Vla.  
Vc.

*mf*      *p*      *f*  
*mf*      *mp*      *mp*  
*mf*      *mp*      *p*

121

Vln. I  
Vln. II  
Vla.  
Vc.

*p*      *pp*  
*p*      *p*  
*p*

*p*

126

Vln. I

Vln. II

*mf*

*p*

Vla.

*<mf 3>*

*mp*

Vc.

*<mf 3>*

*mp*

130

Vln. I

Vln. II

*f*

*p*

*pp*

Vla.

Vc.

*p*

135

Vln. I

*3*

Vln. II

*p*

*mf*

Vla.

*p*

*mf 3*

*mp*

Vc.

*mp*

*p*

*mf*

139

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

pesante  
♩ = 98

144

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

149

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

154

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*pizz.*

*mp*

*pizz.*

*mp*

*pizz.*

*mp*

*pizz.*

*f*

*pizz.*

159

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

163

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

arco

*mp*

arco

*mp*

arco

*mp*

arco

*mp*

167

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

170

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

173

*poco decrescendo y  
diminuendo al fine*

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

177

Vln. I      *poco decrescendo y  
diminuendo al fine*

Vln. II      *mf*

Vla.

Vc.      *mp*

*mp*

183

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.      *p*

*p*

187

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.      *pp*

*pp*

*ppp*

*ppp*

*ppp*

*ppp*

### III. Despero

Benjamin Potts

Adagio doloroso  
♩ = 86

SOPRANO 1  
dar-kness has de-scen-ded u-pon us

SOPRANO 2  
dar-kness has de-scen-ded u-pon us

Violoncello  
Adagio Doloroso  
♩ = 86

Tenor

Bass

6

S. 1  
the sil-ver moon glides slow-ly down therail-ing  
S. 2  
be-tween the night and day  
Vc.

10

Piu mosso  
♩ = 88

fervente

S. 1  
I can-not e-scape it  
S. 2  
I can-not e-scape it

leggiero

i feel it pres-sing pres-sing  
when i strug-gle a-gainst it

Vc.  
mp f

16

S. 1      pres-sing hard      u - pon me      rit...  
*mf*      *p*      *pp*      *ppp*

S. 2      i cry out      in de - spe - ra-tion      but no-one hears me  
*mf*      *f*      *mf*      *pp*      *ppp*

Vc.

rubato y expressivo

22

Vc.      *mf*      3      6      3      *ff*      *p*

rit...

chant-like

27

Vc.

chant-like

T.      lux ae - ter - na      lu - ce-at e-is do-mi-ne      cum san-ctis tu-is in ae-ter-num  
*mp*

31

S. 1      we try to con - trol this dark-ness a - round us and in -  
*mf*

S. 2      we try to con - trol this dark-ness a - round us and in -  
*mf*

Vc.      *mf*

T.      qui - ah pi - us es

36

S. 1  
side us

S. 2  
side us buil-ding tem - por-ar - y lan-terns with fli - - - ck'ring rays *mp*

Vc.

41

T. lux ae - ter - na lu - ce-at e-is do-mi-ne cum san-c-tis tu - is in ae-ter-num

B. lux ae - ter - na lu - ce - at do-mi-ne cum sanc-tis in ae - ter-num

44

S. 1 We make fires and tor - ches to pe - ne-trate the *ff*

S. 2 We make fires and tor - ches to pe - ne-trate the *ff*

Vc.

T. qui - ah pi - us es

B. qui - ah pi - us es

49

S. 1 night! But they do not give com - fort on - ly burn us  
mf p

S. 2 night! But they do not give com - fort on - ly burn us the  
mf p

Vc. *f* *mf* *mf* *p*

55

S. 1 there is no pow-er in me\_ a gainst this dark- ness  
mp

S. 2 sha-dows surr-ound me and I can-not breathe!  
*pp*

Vc. *p* *pp*

62

S. 1 piu mosso  
ah  
mf

S. 2 ah  
mf

Vc. *ff*

66

S. 1

S. 2

Vc.

69 *rit...*

Vc. chant  $\downarrow = 68$

T. chant  $\downarrow = 68$

B. lux ae - ter - na lu - ce - at e - is do - mi - ne

*ff* n

*mp*

72

T. rit... cum san-ctis tu - is in ae - ter - num qui - ah pi - us es

B. rit... cum san-ctis tu - is in ae - ter - num qui - ah pi - us es

## IV. Ascension

**Legato but Mechanical**

$\text{♩} = 60$

\*Begin electronics

Benjamin Potts

1

$p$

\*Ped.

8

\* Ped.

\* Ped.

\* Ped.

15

\* Ped.

22

\* Ped.

$\text{8va}$

\* Ped.

29

\* Ped.

$\text{8va}$

Ped.

36

\* End electronics

Ped.

43

\*                   **very expressive**                   \*

$\downarrow = 48$

mp

p

Ped.

\* Ped.

\*

50

\*                   **faster**                   \*

mf

f

p

Ped.

\* Ped.

\* Ped.

55

mp

Ped.

\* Ped.

\* Ped.

\* Ped.

61

p

pp

Ped.

\* Ped.

\* Ped.

\* Ped.

\* Ped.

69  $\text{♩} = 120$

73

76

79

82

A musical score for piano, featuring two staves (treble and bass) in a key signature of six flats. The score consists of five staves, each ending with a large, sweeping brace.

- Staff 1 (Treble):** Measures 85-88. Dynamics: dynamic marking at measure 85, *mf* (measures 86-88). Measure 85:  $\text{C}_4 \text{ E}_4 \text{ G}_4 \text{ B}_4 \text{ D}_5 \text{ F}_5$ . Measure 86:  $\text{C}_4 \text{ E}_4 \text{ G}_4 \text{ B}_4 \text{ D}_5 \text{ F}_5$ . Measure 87:  $\text{C}_4 \text{ E}_4 \text{ G}_4 \text{ B}_4 \text{ D}_5 \text{ F}_5$ . Measure 88:  $\text{C}_4 \text{ E}_4 \text{ G}_4 \text{ B}_4 \text{ D}_5 \text{ F}_5$ .
- Staff 2 (Bass):** Measures 85-88. Measure 85:  $\text{E}_2 \text{ G}_2 \text{ B}_2 \text{ D}_3 \text{ F}_3$ . Measure 86:  $\text{E}_2 \text{ G}_2 \text{ B}_2 \text{ D}_3 \text{ F}_3$ . Measure 87:  $\text{E}_2 \text{ G}_2 \text{ B}_2 \text{ D}_3 \text{ F}_3$ . Measure 88:  $\text{E}_2 \text{ G}_2 \text{ B}_2 \text{ D}_3 \text{ F}_3$ .
- Staff 3 (Treble):** Measures 89-92. Dynamics: dynamic marking at measure 89, *mf* (measures 90-92). Measure 89:  $\text{C}_4 \text{ E}_4 \text{ G}_4 \text{ B}_4 \text{ D}_5 \text{ F}_5$ . Measure 90:  $\text{C}_4 \text{ E}_4 \text{ G}_4 \text{ B}_4 \text{ D}_5 \text{ F}_5$ . Measure 91:  $\text{C}_4 \text{ E}_4 \text{ G}_4 \text{ B}_4 \text{ D}_5 \text{ F}_5$ . Measure 92:  $\text{C}_4 \text{ E}_4 \text{ G}_4 \text{ B}_4 \text{ D}_5 \text{ F}_5$ .
- Staff 4 (Bass):** Measures 89-92. Measure 89:  $\text{E}_2 \text{ G}_2 \text{ B}_2 \text{ D}_3 \text{ F}_3$ . Measure 90:  $\text{E}_2 \text{ G}_2 \text{ B}_2 \text{ D}_3 \text{ F}_3$ . Measure 91:  $\text{E}_2 \text{ G}_2 \text{ B}_2 \text{ D}_3 \text{ F}_3$ . Measure 92:  $\text{E}_2 \text{ G}_2 \text{ B}_2 \text{ D}_3 \text{ F}_3$ .
- Staff 5 (Treble):** Measures 93-96. Dynamics: dynamic marking at measure 93, *mp* (measures 94-96). Measure 93:  $\text{C}_4 \text{ E}_4 \text{ G}_4 \text{ B}_4 \text{ D}_5 \text{ F}_5$ . Measure 94:  $\text{C}_4 \text{ E}_4 \text{ G}_4 \text{ B}_4 \text{ D}_5 \text{ F}_5$ . Measure 95:  $\text{C}_4 \text{ E}_4 \text{ G}_4 \text{ B}_4 \text{ D}_5 \text{ F}_5$ . Measure 96:  $\text{C}_4 \text{ E}_4 \text{ G}_4 \text{ B}_4 \text{ D}_5 \text{ F}_5$ .
- Staff 6 (Bass):** Measures 93-96. Measure 93:  $\text{E}_2 \text{ G}_2 \text{ B}_2 \text{ D}_3 \text{ F}_3$ . Measure 94:  $\text{E}_2 \text{ G}_2 \text{ B}_2 \text{ D}_3 \text{ F}_3$ . Measure 95:  $\text{E}_2 \text{ G}_2 \text{ B}_2 \text{ D}_3 \text{ F}_3$ . Measure 96:  $\text{E}_2 \text{ G}_2 \text{ B}_2 \text{ D}_3 \text{ F}_3$ .
- Staff 7 (Treble):** Measures 99-102. Dynamics: dynamic marking at measure 99, *f* (measures 100-102). Measure 99:  $\text{C}_4 \text{ E}_4 \text{ G}_4 \text{ B}_4 \text{ D}_5 \text{ F}_5$ . Measure 100:  $\text{C}_4 \text{ E}_4 \text{ G}_4 \text{ B}_4 \text{ D}_5 \text{ F}_5$ . Measure 101:  $\text{C}_4 \text{ E}_4 \text{ G}_4 \text{ B}_4 \text{ D}_5 \text{ F}_5$ . Measure 102:  $\text{C}_4 \text{ E}_4 \text{ G}_4 \text{ B}_4 \text{ D}_5 \text{ F}_5$ .
- Staff 8 (Bass):** Measures 99-102. Measure 99:  $\text{E}_2 \text{ G}_2 \text{ B}_2 \text{ D}_3 \text{ F}_3$ . Measure 100:  $\text{E}_2 \text{ G}_2 \text{ B}_2 \text{ D}_3 \text{ F}_3$ . Measure 101:  $\text{E}_2 \text{ G}_2 \text{ B}_2 \text{ D}_3 \text{ F}_3$ . Measure 102:  $\text{E}_2 \text{ G}_2 \text{ B}_2 \text{ D}_3 \text{ F}_3$ .

102

*crescendo*

105

*fff*

108

*decrescendo poco a poco*

111

*poco rit.*

*mf*

114

*molto rit.*

*attaca*

*p*

## V. Lux Aeterna

Benjamin Potts

*J = 90*

SOPRANO      *mf*      Li - be \_\_\_\_\_ Li - be - ra Li - be -

ALTO      *mf*      Li - be \_\_\_\_\_ Li - be - ra Li - be -

TENOR      *mf*      Li - be \_\_\_\_\_ Li - be - ra Li - be -

BASS      *mf*      Li - be \_\_\_\_\_ Li - be - ra Li - be -

PIANO      *mf*      Li - be \_\_\_\_\_ Li - be - ra Li - be -

*J = 90*

Violin I

Violin II

Viola

Violoncello

♩ = 72

S.      7      ff  
 ra me Do - mi - ne!

A.      ff  
 ra me Do - mi - ne!

T.      ff  
 8 ra me Do - mi - ne!

B.      ff  
 ra me Do - mi - ne!

Vla.      chant-like  
 molto espressivo  
 ♩ = 72  
 mf

13

Vla.      ♭ 3/8      ♭ 4/4      ♭ 6/4

S.      16      mp  
 lux ae - ter - na lu - ce-at do-mi-ne cum san - ctis in ae - ter-num

A.      mp  
 lux ae - ter - na lu - ce-at e-is do-mi-ne cum san-ctis tu - is in ae-ter-num

T.      mp  
 8 lux ae - ter - na lu - ce-at e-is do-mi-ne cum san-ctis tu - is in ae-ter-num

B.      mp  
 lux ae - ter - na lu - ce - at do-mi-ne cum sanc-tis in ae - ter-num

piu mosso  
♩ = 98

S.                          *mf*

qui - a pi - us\_ es.               Lux \_\_\_\_\_

A.                          *mf*

qui - a pi - us\_ es.               Lux \_\_\_\_\_ ae - -

T.                          *mf*

qui - a pi - us\_ es.               Lux \_\_\_\_\_ ae - -

B.                          *mf*

qui - a pi - us\_ es.               Lux \_\_\_\_\_ ae - -

piu mosso

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

26

A musical score for orchestra and choir. The vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) are at the top, followed by the string instruments (Violin I, Violin II, Viola, Cello). The vocal parts sing a four-line phrase: "ae - ter - na lu - ce - at e - is do - mi - ne". The strings play eighth-note patterns. Measure numbers 26 and 8 are shown above the vocal staves.

S.  
A.  
T.  
B.  
Vln. I  
Vln. II  
Vla.  
Vc.

ae - ter - na lu - ce - at e - is do - mi - ne  
ter - na lu - ce - at e - is do - mi - ne  
- ter - na lu - ce - at e - is do - mi - ne  
- ter - na lu - ce - at e - is do - mi - ne

35

S. — qui - a pi - - us es

A. — qui - a pi - - us es

T. — qui - a pi - - us es

B. — qui - a pi - - us es

Vln. I

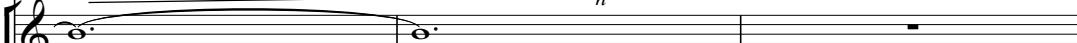
Vln. II

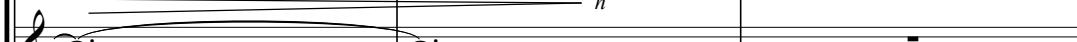
Vla.

Vc.

allegro con fuoco  
43  $\text{♩} = 138$

Pno. 

Vln. I 

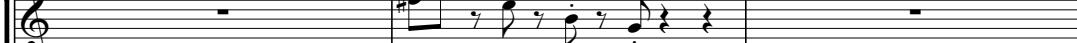
Vln. II 

Vla. 

Vc. 

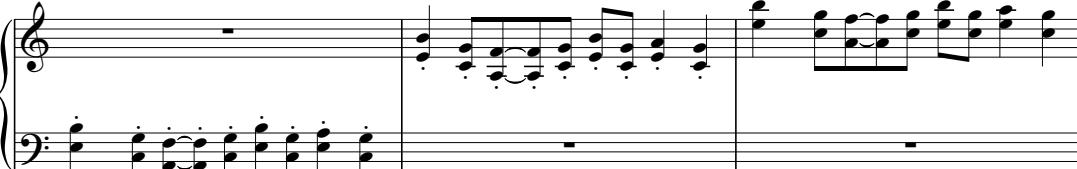
allegro con fuoco  
46

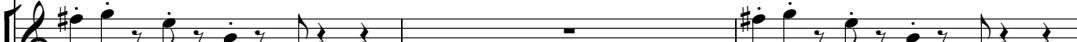
Pno. 

Vln. II 

Vc. 

49

Pno. 

Vln. II 

Vc. 

52

Pno.

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

55

Pno.

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

58

Pno.

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*mf*  
arco

*ff*

60

Pno.

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*mf*

*f*

62

Pno.

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

65

Pno.

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

68

Pno.

Vln. I pizz.

Vln. II arco f mp f mf f

Vla.

Vc.

71

Pno.

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla. f mp f f mp f

Vc.

*8va* pizz.

74

Pno.

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vcl.

76

Pno.

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vcl.

79

Pno.

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*crescendo poco a poco*

*f*   *mf* — *ff*   *ff*   *p crescendo poco a poco*

*f*   *mf* — *ff*   *ff*   *p crescendo poco a poco*

*f*   *mf* — *ff*   *p crescendo poco a poco*

82

Pno.

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

*ff*

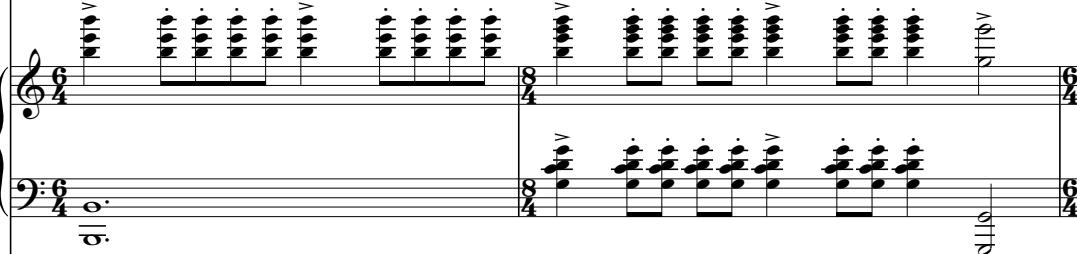
85

S. 

A. 

T. 

B. 

Pno. 

Vln. I 

Vln. II 

Vla. 

Vc. 

87

S. *ff*  
8:  
ter - - - - na ae -

A. *ff*  
8:  
ter - - - - na ae -

T. *ff*  
8:  
8 ter - - - - na ae -

B. *ff*  
8:  
ter - - - - na ae -

Pno. *ff*

Vln. I *ff*

Vln. II *ff*

Vla. *ff*

Vc. *ff*

89

S. 8: ter - - - - na ae - ter -

A. 8: ter - - - - na ae - ter -

T. 8: ter - - - - na ae - ter -

B. 8: ter - - - - na ae - ter -

Pno.

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

The musical score consists of eight staves. The top four staves are vocal parts: Soprano (S.), Alto (A.), Tenor (T.), and Bass (B.). They sing the lyrics "ter - - - - na ae - ter -" in measure 89. The piano part (Pno.) is below them, providing harmonic support. Measures 90 and 91 show the piano continuing its harmonic function. The bottom four staves are instrumental parts: Violin I (Vln. I), Violin II (Vln. II), Cello (Vla.), and Double Bass (Vc.). They play eighth-note patterns. Measures 90 and 91 show the strings continuing their eighth-note patterns. Measure 92 shows a repeat sign with a '2' above it, indicating a repeat of the previous section.

92 , calmato *mp*

S. na lux

A. na lux

T. 8 na lux

B. na lux

Pno. calmato

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

93

95

S. lux ae - ter - na

A. lux ae - ter - na

T. lux ter - na

B. lux ter - na

Pno. p

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vcl.

Vla.

Bsn. p